(57) ABSTRACT

A method for suppressing undesired viral growth in a host which comprises administering to the host an effective amount of a compound of the formula:

wherein R_1 , R_2 , R_3 and R_4 are independently selected from the group consisting of HO—, CH_3O — and $CH_3(C=O)$ O—. The method is exemplified by inhibiting Tat transactivation of a lentivirus and in suppressing Herpes simplex virus.